

JUST CLEANINGS

INTERPUSS SNAKES BOUDOIR

BELGRADE, Neb.—A stubborn drain pipe prompted Mrs. Adella to summon the plumber. Undaunted, the plumber routed 60 garter and bull snakes from the pipe where they had crawled to liberate the winter.

SHOT GUN SHELLS FOR 1944

An important announcement for hunters and sportsmen was made by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board on Tuesday when it was stated that the manufacture of shot gun shells in Canada this year will be approximately three times that of 1943, and will be available to sportsmen in limited quantities before next fall.

No mention was made of any increase in small arms ammunition for rifle shooters.

18 LB. 10% OZ. BOY BORN

KNOXVILLE, Tenn.—A baby boy, weighing 18 pounds 10½ ounces was born last week to Mrs. George Esslinger, 26-year-old wife of a war plane pilot.

Physicians said it was the largest birth recorded in that state and it is the fifth largest recorded in medical history.

The baby was 21 inches in height and its head measured 15½ inches. Physicians said the child appeared to be normal and the mother and child were "doing nicely."

CANNED SALMON IS RATIONED

Canned salmon will join the list of rationed commodities on and after January 17, the ration administration Wartime Prices and Trade Board announced this week.

Rarely seen on the civilian market during the past two years, now about 200,000 cases of canned salmon are being released, but to assure fair distribution, under rationing order.

Brown metal coupons will be used to purchase canned salmon, each coupon being good for 3½ pounds of the fish.

POSTER ADVERTISING FOR ENTERTAINMENTS UNLAWFUL

The Chronicle recently received a copy of Order No. 532 issued by the Wartime Prices and Trade Board, which apparently is designed to conserve paper. One section of this order deals with entertainments of various kinds. This section makes it unlawful for any person to display bills and posters advertising any event for which there is an admission charge, except on the actual premises where such an event is to be held.

This will put an effective stop to poster publicity for such events and will deprive printers of considerable revenue from this source.

However, there are effective and lawful method still open to give publicity to such events, and that is through the advertisement section of the newspaper. Space used two or three weeks before an event takes place would give effective publicity at a moderate cost.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil J. Ohlhauser of Carbon announce the engagement of their daughter, Marcella, to Mr. David Wilson of Vermilion.

The Carbon Chronicle

for
Victory

VOLUME 22; NUMBER

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 6, 1944

\$2.00 A YEAR; 36 A COPY

CARBON AND DISTRICT NEWS NOTES

Mr. and Mrs. R.J. Fairbairn of Calgary were Carbon visitors last week.

The annual meeting of the Anglican Church will be held at 8 p.m. on Friday, January 7, in the church basement.

Reader Outman was a business visitor to Calgary Wednesday and returned on the night bus.

Winter finally set in on January 2nd and about an inch of snow now covers the ground. With the snow came the first cold snap of the season and the temperature dropped to 20 degrees below zero Monday night.

The annual bazaar of the Carbon Curling Club will be held February 14, 15 and 16.

—FOR SALE—Registered Hereford bull, 3 years old. Sure breeder. Apply to Andrew Walker, Carbon. 30

Curling has started in Carbon and the ice is reported to be in good condition. The club recently had all the curling rocks sharpened, and until the ice wears down a bit some of the novices are going to find it difficult to get the rocks over the hog line.

George Myers has returned to his job at Garrett Motors after spending a few days in Calgary. George received an airmail Christmas card from his son, Major Murray Myers, who is with the Canadian army in Italy, and the m-sage was delivered in four days from the time it was sent.

The flu is still going the rounds and many local citizens have been laid up of late. It is to be hoped that the mild epidemic of this disease will soon run its course.



WITH CBC OVERSEAS

F.H. Wadsworth, of CBC engineering division, has returned to Britain. Appearing in January, Carol here a 10-year-old lad said he had asked Santa for a radio. "I have a business which he found to be lucrative until arrested."

Answers to the hundreds of rural women who have written to the Consumer Branch, Wartime Prices and Trade Board, about tins for service men on week end leaves. From now on, men on 42, 72 and 84 hour leaves will get a card with their names bearing the stamp of the issuing unit. The name, registered rank and number, plus the number of meals served by his hostess must be entered by the visitor. The hostess, on her part, signs the card, enters the number of meals she has served. When she mails or sends the card to town or mailed to the nearest Local Ration Board, which then issues coupons for a two-week supply of any rationed commodity the hostess may desire. That's all there is to it.

With the Fighting Services: A special permit for non-alloy steel to manufacture 500,000 safety razor blades for faces on the fighting front. The Auxiliary Services also got an allowance of three cals drinks per man in the U.K. and 60,000 pairs of leather shoe laces for the cantonments and plenty of turkeys for Christmas. Over 120,000 bags of parcels, each with eight parcels, were handed to say "Merry Christmas" to the sons and daughters overseas. Many parcels have to be repacked because they are broken; and that is the soldier's fault; improper addressing is also a pain in the neck to the workers. The cost per parcel was increased: \$1.12 per month for wives with children; \$2.20 without children. The jump is from \$2.00 and \$1.40.

Munitions & Supply point out that nearly half the households of Canada depend on wood for heating their houses and they should get first consideration as against displacers not necessary for heating. Therefore farmers adjacent to the wooded areas are urged to cut as much green wood as possible this winter for the 1944-45 winter. Payment of the 31 per cord



Artist's impression of Allied troops mopping up the last of the Japanese forces in New Guinea.

THE WORLD OF WHEAT REVIEWED WEEKLY BY MAJOR H.G.L. STRANGE

MORE ABOUT MIXTURES

Thrust on years work of testing some 150,000 farmers' fields of wheat have shown that whenever anything like failure, or a bad frost occurs in a district, the next year there is a serious increase in bad mixtures found in the wheat crops.

This, of course, is because in the emergency the farmer has to use any kind of seed he can obtain. Then we get a few years, during which farmers have been buying better seed, the mixtures decrease. This all shows how important it is that all those who have the responsibility of making seed available to farmers in such times of trouble, whether private individuals, Grain Companies or Governments, should take the utmost care in seeing to it that only the very best seed obtainable is distributed, for whenever bad mixtures are present in a crop, the quality of the wheat tends to decline.

The "Crop Testing Plan" notes each year. From its analyses of crops, the scores of thousands of farmers who have really good true-to-variety wheat free from mixtures and so quite suitable for seed, on their farms to sell. This "Crop Testing Plan 'A'" stock is the material we suggest that should be distributed to farmers in times of drought and frost.

Frederick Baptist Church, B.Y.S. Gospel Hall.

The Free-Will Baptist Church has purchased the Gospel Hall in Carbon and in future mid-week prayer services will be held in the building each Wednesday evening. Announcements will appear regularly in the church roll in the Chronicle.

This church in future will be known as the Carbon Baptist Church.

An extra large crowd attended the New Year's dance in Carbon last Friday evening and all report an enjoyable time.

production, subsidy period is extended to March 31, 1944.

Here and there the R.C.M.P. patrolled a total of 60,000 miles in northern territories of Canada last winter. As his police duties the Red Coat acts as tax-collector, postmaster, game warden, registrar of vital statistics and general supervisor of welfare. The 72 men who patrol the Arctic wastes collect about \$100,000 annually in revenue for the federal government. Canadian shipwreckers delivered 11 short vessels in November, four being frigates, three Algonquin minecruisers and four corvettes.

You've heard a lot about hot and coffee lately. Here's the latest dope from the W.P.T.B. At the present rate of consumption there is just enough tea in the country to last five or six months. Small looking countries are the precursors of the war in the Pacific. Moreover, 20 per cent of Canada's tea supply is needed for the Armed Forces and the Red Cross. Just recently the Red Cross has a goodly increase of tea for prisoners of war parcels. As for coffee, Canada's being in as much of a shortage as in shipping allocation and it's barely enough to meet the present rate on consumption.



Three miles to Sannaburgh Point, but there was utter confusion among the Japanese troops. Some of them, rolling the position was hopeless, abandoned their defenses and tried to swim.

LEADING STOKER W. OUPHANT MENTIONED IN DISPATCHES

Acting Leading Stoker William Ouphant of Carbon was among the 24 Alberts boys included in the New Year's honours list of the King. "Bill" was mentioned in dispatches for having given his life belt to a rating who could not swim, at the time of the sinking of the "Lansdowne" last spring in the Mediterranean.

Leading Stoker Wm. Ouphant is now stationed on the West coast, and his wife, stenographer at the local bank, is living with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Williamson, at Carbon.

CARBON LODGE A.F. & A.M. INSTALLS NEW OFFICERS

The following were installed as officers of Carbon Lodge No. 107, A.F. & A.M. on Tuesday evening, January 3rd, with Rt. W. Bro. W.A. Brasher acting as Installing Master:

- W. Bro. Alfred Boudreau W.M.
- W. Bro. Leonard Patten J.P.M.
- W. Bro. F.J. Boulton S.W.
- W. Bro. Otto Schiller J.W.
- W. Bro. W.A. McKibbin, Treasurer
- W. Bro. W.A. Brasher, Secretary
- W. Bro. S.J. Garrett J.S.W.
- W. Bro. V.H. Hawkins Chaplain
- W. Bro. P.J. Bennett D. of G.
- W. Bro. W.A. Brasher, D. of R.
- Bro. Sydney Wright I.G.
- W. Bro. Wm. Van Loon Tyler

Miss Lindmark, teacher of Room 2 of the Carbon school has been ill with the flu and pupils have had some extra holidays.

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

1943 license plates are canary yellow with blue letters.

The weather is cold and local coal mines are raising the benefit—and consumers are paying for the weatherman's fury.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF ALL

OOLIVIES MIRACLE FEEDS

Miracle Laying Mash—Miracle Laying Mash Supplement—Hog Starter—Hog Fattener and Hog Supplement. Mix these 4 to 1.

SHUR-GAIN Hog Concentrate, and also Tankage.

BUILDERS' HARDWARE STORES LTD.

CARBON'S LEADING HARDWARE

WM. F. ROSS, Manager

CAR CONSERVATION

Do you know the surest, simplest way to help keep your car fit to "Carry On" for the duration? It's to see us about our new Car Conservation Plan—the plan that will ensure lasting service from tires, engine, transmission, all vital parts. Car Conservation costs you very little—saves big repair bills. Applies to all makes or cars, trucks.

GARRETT MOTORS

Phone: 31 S.J. Garrett, Prop. Carbon

IS YOUR RADIO WORKING SATISFACTORILY?

WE STILL HAVE A GOOD SUPPLY OF

RADIO "B" BATTERIES

FLASHLIGHT BATTERIES AND AIR CELLS are hard to procure, but we should have some in stock soon.

YOU'LL DO BETTER AT

THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE

RED AND WHITE STORE

Do you know that one pound or 31 tablespoons of waste cooking fat will produce the glycerine processed as an explosive to fire 407 M.M. anti-aircraft shells?

GUARD THE HOME FRONT—KEEP IN GOOD HEALTH

FROSST'S D.C.F. TONIC (Neo Chemical Food)

Supplements Your Diet With Essential Vitamins and Minerals.

FOR ADULTS AND CHILDREN

24-day size \$1.15 — 72-day size \$2.15

Also in Capsules — 50 daily doses \$2.25

McKIBBIN'S DRUG STORE

A.F. McKibbin, Pharm. B., Prescription Specialist, CARBON, Alta

FADRE TELLS OF AIRMEN'S PROBLEMS

Letters From Home That Are
Damaging To Morale

Squadron Leader H. E. D. Ashford, padre, of Calgary, who recently returned from the Mediterranean war theatre, offers high praise of the men's morale. The padre spent six months with the Canadian squadrons and shared their hardships in fighting heat, cold, flies, vermin, water shortage and indifferent food. Last summer, Sgd. Ldr. Ashford was the first Canadian padre to accompany a bomber crew on an operation flight over Italy. He made the flight so that he might better understand what problems airmen face on such raids.

Sgd. Ldr. Ashford spoke at length on the subject of letters which the men receive from home, and expressed the hope that his remarks might help to stop something which is very definitely damaging to an airmen's morale. Certain letters are received by R.C.A.F. personnel in North Africa which "cause pain in the heart of the recipient," he said. He put them in three classes.

"First," said the Sgd. Ldr., "are the letters from loving mothers, who are worried over their sons' operations and who continue to warn them of the terrible danger that they are in and incessantly hoping and praying that they will soon be finished with them."

"Second, are the letters from wives

get out of bed at the middle of the night and then recall some family quarrel that was never quite settled and consider it their bounden duty to finish the quarrel in their letters, although their husbands are thousands of miles away."

"Third, and saddest of all," the padre continued, "are the letters from wives in the service, or in munitions or other work, who begin hectoring and take them in getting married and demand a release, emphatically declaring at the same time that they cannot live without their husbands. Such letters do serious things to men far from home."

Has Charmed Life

British Seaman, After Many Narrow Escapes, Is Still Going Strong
Seaman "Shorty," every five feet, two inches of him a fighter—is still going strong. His first ship struck a mine and was blown up. The next trip was the Dunkirk evacuation, when he sailed there and back five times before his ship was sunk—and he was in the water.

A bullet wound saved him from death last time—and also was responsible for his recovery. The 23-M. "Bully Shorty" Windsor, of the I. of Man is only 20. He took part in one of those popular tales of the Navy's little ships, when the odds seem so great that only real courage, and audacity, can win. Such was his ship was the "Lady Shirley," operating from Gibraltar. She battled against a U-boat and won. Easily wounded when the U-boat answered their machine-gun fire after being forced to the surface by the trawler's gunfire. "Shorty" and his pal, Seaman Halcrow, kept on firing, until the enemy had surrendered.

Both of them were in hospital for months before they were able to rejoin their ships. Even then, they were not quite fit and were put ashore for extra leave shortly afterwards.

A few hours later, the "Lady Shirley" was lost with all hands.

ITS TERRIBLE

Nazi leaders have suffered heavy losses through destruction of the main offices of virtually all Berlin's big banks except the Reichsbank by Allied aerial bombs, informants from Berlin said. The leaders were reported to have had stored in bank vaults valuables, furs and art treasures accumulated in occupied countries and in 10 years of rule over Germany.

WILLING TO BARTER

Repatriated Canadian and British prisoners of war have disclosed that in certain German prison camps there was almost a regular tariff for bartering with guards to get luxuries. A package of 20 cigarettes, for instance, would "buy" three eggs when eggs were available while one fag would get 15 sardine tins.

EXPENSIVE MOUTHWASH

Five repatriated war prisoners shared a bottle of ale brewed by King Edward VII in 1892. Auctioneer by the Red Cross, the rare bottle was purchased for \$450 by Antique Dealer John Rushmer who asked the five servicemen to share it with him. The ale cost \$75 a mouthful.

Canada's Airwomen Help Pave The Way To Victory



—R.C.A.F. Photos.

Women at war are using their hands and brains in countless ways to speed the victory against the forces of aggression. In the Royal Canadian Air Force, airwomen perform upwards of 50 tasks which are vital to the job of flying, both in operations overseas and at training stations across Canada. Three of those jobs are illustrated here. At the left, airwoman Betty Roth of 10816 125th St., Edmonton, uses an altimeter to determine cloud level. A clerk meteorologist at the Brantford air station, she "reads"

the weather, measuring moisture and wind velocity and gathering information for predicting how flying conditions are going to be. In the centre picture, an old-fashioned saddle bench performs a new function in today's war. Leading Airwoman Constance Lynham of North Bay, Ont., perches on the bench to mend a parachute harness. Airwoman Faylla Cuff of Montreal, Ont. right, emphasizes one path to victory—through good health, which depends on right eating. She's in the R.C.A.F. School of Cookery at Guelph, Ont.

The Unknown Soldier

Newspaper Correspondent Tells About
Visiting Tomb In Westminster
Abbey

Robert J. Casey, correspondent to the Chicago Daily News, tells this story: So we went to Westminster Abbey and knelt for a while by the dark slab that covers the tomb of the Unknown Soldier. It is always quiet in the corner of the vast cathedral, and always nearly deserted.

An old lady, a woman in early middle age, and a little girl of 10 or 11 were kneeling there when we came in. The old one seemed familiar enough. She had been there before. It seemed she had always been there. She had a mother, married, of some lad who had been killed, buried on the front at Amiens or on the Somme, 27 years ago, or possibly a wife whose husband had been taken in the last desperate demand for manpower.

The younger woman, if you got sentimental about it, might be the girl who waited and put a candle in the window each night and would still be putting one there, save for the blackout, while admitting the futility of the gesture when she came home to pray for one she knew to be gone. For the little girl, there is no explanation.

They moved in and out. In half an hour six or seven had come to linger for a while; some in prayer, some merely to gaze hypnotically at the slab as if trying to picture what sort of person might lie beneath it. They seemed all manner of people: a well-groomed middle-aged man with striped trousers; a solid lad who might have been a truck driver; a woman, a major, a charwoman; a blonde with an obvious Piccadilly address.

The old lady started to get up just as the major came in. He helped her up, guided her toward the door and came back, then stood with head bowed for a long time. And all this was pretty impressive, considering the length of time since the Unknown Soldier went out of this life and the number of things that have happened since.

The young girl came was quite willing to talk about it. This tomb had been an object of his particular interest for many years.

"I feel I know that boy, whoever he is," said he. "I've got to know him through the thousands of men and women who think he belongs to them."

About 20 American soldiers trooped in with a guide and looked wide-eyed at the black stone. None spoke, and most of them knelt. They made hardly a sound as they went away.

"That's what I mean," he went on. "You saw the look in the faces of those American kids. They feel a kinship with him and they have it, not only with him but with all those who have claimed him for 27 years."

"Before 1939 we used to have thousands of tourists through here—sightseers—had, of course, I don't mean them—I mean the people who used to come in here before the fog had lifted in the morning and late on summer evenings. Just as they might visit members of their family. I have talked with very few of them, but I have recognized Cabinet Ministers and Lords and great bankers and baristers, along with costers and porters and taxi drivers."

Tuberculosis, first cause of death in Canada in 1912, now ranks seventh.

Brantford Paper

Published in France Under The Nose
Of The Gestapo

The clandestine French publication "Combat" has just celebrated the issue of its 50th number with a special edition—in the normal size of a newspaper, with many photographs. Here is its infinitely brave editorial introduction: "We certainly could not let the occasion pass without proving once more to the Gestapo what the resistance movement can do."

The challenge is almost ridiculous. This newspaper boasts a circulation of 200,000, every reader devoted to the extermination of the Nazi oppressor.

The Gestapo, in futile attempts to run it down and exterminate its sponsors and publishers, has resorted to the terrorism of mass arrests. Men, women and children have been whisked off to concentration camps without trial, without hope of release, except by way of death from execution, insanity or disease. Yet more triumphantly supported than ever, "Combat" remains in full dress to tell Hitler and his criminal menials that they are done—New York Herald-Tribune.

Gift For Stalingrad

Complete Surgical Equipment Of
Deceased Doctor Given To City

The complete surgical equipment of Major A. H. Cameron-Smith who died several years ago, has been given by his sister, Helen Cameron-Smith of Powerton, Ont., to Stalingrad for use in some hospital of Toronto's adopted sister city. "Maj. Cameron-Smith served overseas in the First Great War with the Royal Canadian Army Medical Corps and after his return practised in Northern Ontario.

BETWEEN BATTLES

A London orchestra recently gave the first performance of a suite for oboe and strings composed between two battles in Tunisia by Denis Molgo, a New Zealander now fighting in Italy.

GEMS OF THOUGHT

EXPERIENCE

However learned or eloquent, man knows nothing truly that he has not learned from experience—Wieland.

In all instances where our experience of the past has been extensive and uniform, our judgment as to the future amounts to moral certainty—James Beattie.

Experience is victor, never the vanquished; and out of defeat comes the secret of victory. That to-morrow starts from today and is one day behind it, robs the future with hope's rainbow hues—Mary Baker Eddy.

To most men experience is like the stars lights of a ship, which illumine only the track it has passed—Coleridge.

No man was ever so completely skilled in the conduct of life, as not to receive new information from age and experience—Terence.

Nor deem the treacherous Past, As wholly wasted, wholly vain, If, rising on its wrecks, at last To something nobler we attain.—Longfellow.

A High Ideal

Chicago Paper's Remark About
United Nations Leaders Really
A Compliment

The Niagara Falls Review says: The Chicago Tribune shrewdly refers to President Roosevelt, Prime Minister Churchill and other Allied leaders as "the Boy Scouts of Cairo." Yet, as R. M. Harrison, in the Windsor Star, notes, a Scout chief calls upon him to do his duty to God and his country, to obey the Scout law, to try to improve on that law if he can—to help other people at all times, to keep himself physically strong, mentally awake and morally straight. What higher ideal could there be for a man to shoot at?

All metals are some shade of silver-gray in color except copper which is red, and gold which is yellow.

Women's Army Corps

Rita Hetherington Is The Envy
Of All Drivers

Sgt. Rita Hetherington of Ottawa, Ont., is the envy of all drivers in the Canadian Women's Army Corps. During the recent Quebec conference, Sgt. Hetherington held the interesting appointment of Despatch Officer. For close to three weeks she took post at a desk in the lobby of the Chateau Frontenac and remained on call to handle the transportation of all visiting officials.

At the present time Sgt. Hetherington is employed as driver for the Chief of the General Staff, Lieutenant-General Sturt, C.B., D.S.O., M.C., at National Defence Headquarters in Ottawa.

A member of the Canadian Women's Army Corps since July 1912, Sgt. Hetherington has two sons in uniform, Sgt. Melville Hetherington is serving overseas with the Royal Canadian Engineers, and Ordinary Seaman Gordon Hetherington is with the R.C.N.V.R.

Four brothers are also active service overseas.

One For The General

London Cabby Had Apt Answer For
American Officer

An American general in London told this story on himself: His staff car, emblazoned with the insignia of his rank and driven by a military chauffeur, had eight cabbies with a battered old London taxi. The general got out and berated the cabbie at some length, ending with the rhetorical question, "What have you to say for yourself?" The cabbie looked the general in the eye and replied, "Word 'Arry to you, sir?"—The Nation, New York.

KNOWS IT ALREADY

There is little hope of the public getting much taste to juice this winter, we are told. Those who have tried to find any in the shops lately will think the assessment superfluous, says the Ottawa Journal.

These Canucks Have Already Bagged Two Mark IV's



Note the Maple Leaf crest with the Beaver superimposed on this Sherman tank of the Three Rivers regiment in Italy. Two small swastikas indicate German Mark IV's destroyed in Sicily, and the other at Termoli, in Italy. Shown here are Major Pat Mills, Crew Commander Lieut. Waldron and the commanding officer.

PLANS A POST-WAR FOOD COMMISSION

Britain To Supply An Adequate Diet
For Everyone

The British government has been so gratified with the results of wartime rationing on the nation's health, it plans to create a permanent post-war food commission to guarantee a maintenance of health standards under any economic conditions.

This will not mean continuation of rationing after the war but rather an over-seeing program to make sure an adequate diet for health purposes is available to every family, no matter how small.

The preliminary work has been entrusted to a group of experts charged with the job of taking the British people off their pre-war "tea and margarine" standard on to a "butter, milk and meat" standard. These experts will by the ground work for the commission to take over planning of production and organized distribution of food supplies, to white bread, margarine, jam and tea as the principal hunger-satisfying foods for the masses of people who could afford better in peace days. They are to be given the opportunity, no matter the means, of obtaining the necessary food in greater quantities than they ever have consumed them before.

British food policy will be closely linked with world policy to step up production of milk, eggs, fruits, vegetables and meats, and the ability to produce essentials undoubtedly will be taken into consideration when Britain puts her plans on paper, the Dominion says. The main source of Britain's wartime supply of bacon and eggs.

Rules Must Be Kept

But Many People Are Learning This
The Hard Way

In Winnipeg a druggist was convicted in the police court for failure to comply with the health regulations forbidding the sale of toothpaste or shaving cream in metal tins unless an empty tube is turned in by the consumer.

A handily in Windsor, N.S., was fined \$100 at Halifax for letting

rooms without registering rates with the board.

A year's imprisonment was imposed on a man who was convicted of using so-called commodities with out redeeming coupons in exchange.

A sugar bender at Summerside, P.E.I., produced a fine of \$25 and \$10, respectively, for serving meat on Tuesday—Consumers' News.

Good Suggestions

Wide Choice Of Ways To Avoid
Cold And A Cold

There are as many ways of avoiding a cold as catching one. One doctor recommends singing as a preventive, another the eating of raw onions, "an apple a day," says one; "reformed dress," says another. Chinnon, breathing through the nose, avoiding stuffy rooms, never going to a party, never going to the movies, never travelling in a bus or railway train, are other preventives that have their fervent advocates.

All these suggestions are excellent, if one had the time to follow them. But we cannot spend all our time avoiding colds. There are other ways of avoiding colds. If one must risk a cold by going to the theatre, one prefers to go to the theatre and risk it.

PLANS FOR ABYSSINIA

There are reports that with the aid of British experts, Haile Selassie is planning a constitution for Abyssinia which will commence with the education of the people of that country in democratic procedure. The proposed elective body would, however, be mainly advisory for the present.

GERMAN MOTHER DENOUNCED

A German mother has been sentenced to 15 days in prison because her 12-year-old son complained that by insisting he pile up wood for the kitchen fire she had made him a half hour late for a Hitler Youth camp in the Saxony-Weimar Republic of Luebeck said.

BRASIL HAS ONE OF THE WORLD'S

largest iron ore reserves, estimated at 15 billion tons.

Obscure Tito In Yugoslavia Is Hard Fighter

LONDON.—The development of the obscure peasant patriot, Josip Broz, more familiarly known as Tito, is rapidly becoming one of the great epics of the Second World War, say experienced military observers.

Starting as a vague name which once was supposed to conceal the identity of a whole series of Partisan generals, Tito has now reached the stage where he is scoring not only military but political victories and might well cause the collapse of the Yugoslav refugee government under King Peter.

Tito has done it by one of the most hard-bitten campaigns ever waged in Balkan Europe, wherein he has steadily built up a force of well over a quarter of a million fighting men, won the support of the Soviet Union and has brought admission from the Allies, which previously had supported King Peter's government and Gen. Dragoljub Mihailovic.

Then, everyone was talking about "White Eagle" Mihailovic with his army of 40,000 men who carried the banner of resistance inside old Serbia. Today, according to reliable estimates, it is doubtful if Mihailovic has more than 10,000 left, and these are certainly inactive. He has lost thousands to the rampaging Tito.

By remaining constantly on the attack while Mihailovic—likely on advice from outside Yugoslavia—played a waiting game somewhere deep behind the coastline, Tito is now in the position of a liberator for many hundreds of square miles of his country. His political influence has grown to the point where the new government he has created inside Yugoslavia can bring the old regime close to the point of collapse.

Until the war ends it is unlikely that anyone outside Yugoslavia can sift the charges and counter-charges wherein both sides are accused of treason and bad faith. Nobody knows the full truth of the labels of Communism and Fascism. But putting the disputes and feuds aside, Tito is the man to whom the Allies would look to set the nation aflame if and when they invaded the Balkans.

Tito's judgment is often questioned. In attempting to seize the entire Adriatic coast with lightly equipped divisions at the time of the Italian surrender he probably overplayed his hand because the Germans have been slowly inching back into control from the few ports they have managed to hold. But the effort paid dividends in popular support.

His weakest point politically is that only a fraction of his followers are Serbians who dominate the German strain in Yugoslavia. For that reason many observers hold that King Peter would take advantage of this factor, accept realities and come to terms with Tito in the creation of a solid Yugoslavian front against Hitler.

Announcement that Tito's representatives have been negotiating with the British and American armies for recognition of the Yugoslav underground front is unique. Other European undergrounds—except for the Greek—on a small scale—operate through sabotage and propaganda and remain hidden pending the day when liberation is at hand. Yugoslavia on the other hand, has been an active fighting front from the day the Danubians and Huns swept over Belgrade.

RUSSIAN ANTHEM

British Comment Says It Is An Expression Of New Nationalism

LONDON.—Russia "has risen to her full stature and has found her real voice," the Evening News said in an editorial commenting on the Moscow broadcast announcement that the famous "Internationale" has been replaced by a new Soviet national anthem in which Russia is hailed as "a republic of the free."

"The new anthem is an expression of the new nationalism in Russia and of Russia's pride in herself and her feats and in her leaders," the News added.

Many morning papers considered the announcement of the new anthem so noteworthy that they gave it front-page play.

Buy War Savings Stamps Regularly.

Canadian Convoy Advances In Italy



—Canadian Army Overseas Press.

German demolition experts continue to slow down the advance of Eighth Army units in Italy. This Canadian convoy had to proceed over a bridge hastily constructed by Royal Canadian Engineers when the original was blown by retreating Germans.

Canada To Have New Short Wave Station Soon

OTTAWA.—The Canadian Broadcasting Corporation's short wave station now under construction at Sackville, N.B., probably will begin broadcasting on regular schedule late next summer or early autumn. Dr. Augustin Frigon, acting CBC general manager, told The Canadian Press.

Dr. Frigon said work on the station has not been progressing as fast as was originally expected because of a labor shortage but all equipment is expected to be installed and ready for operation early next summer.

The first of two 50 kilowatt transmitters will be installed in March and the second a short time later. Installation of the equipment will be followed by a period of testing. Then broadcasting of regular scheduled programs will begin.

Dr. Frigon said the corporation is ready to give service to practically all parts of the world, but "we will have to experiment for some time before we know who we are reaching."

"Organization for the station is going on in Canada and we are making contacts in countries where we hope our programs will be broadcast. It will be through rebroadcasts in other countries that most of our programs will be heard."

"As here in Canada, many people hear BBC programs because they are rebroadcast by us. Not everyone can pick them up directly from Britain."

"Our listeners assure us that our programs will be given a good reception in the countries where they are located."

"This job of international organization is being done in co-operation with the department of external affairs which will control our international policies."

The staff to operate the station probably will be found in Canada, Dr. Frigon said.

Programs aimed at making Canada known among nations of the world will be broadcast for a certain number of hours each day to every country which can be reached.

WOULD UNITE GREEKS

Join Together In A Determined Effort To Defeat The Enemy

CAIRO.—Presler Emmanuel Tsouderos has appealed to Greek guerrillas to cease fighting among themselves and unite against the Germans.

The chief of the Greek government in Cairo said in a broadcast that the differences between the opposing guerrilla bands did not touch the "essential interests of the nation." He asserted the Germans are waiting until the fratricidal strife caused the guerrillas to become exhausted to "strike a deadly blow at the small remnants of you—if any are left."

Tsouderos said Gen. Sir Henry Maitland Wilson, British commander in the Middle East, joined him in the appeal, adding "only those who agree and unite will be considered a part of the army of the Middle East."

Canada Could Export Wheat To Feed Europe

OTTAWA.—At least 1,800,000,000 bushels of wheat, half of it in Canada, will be available for shipment to the hungry people of Europe if the war there ends in 1944, the Dominion bureau of statistics said in a review of the wheat situation.

Argentina and Australia have a total surplus of 500,000,000 bushels available for export, while Canadian surplus stocks stood at 670,000,000 bushels on Oct. 1.

"This reservoir of wheat would seem to hold assurance that a Europe liberated in 1944 and provided with adequate even tonnage would not go short of bread," said the bureau.

Moreover, both Canada and the United States will harvest another wheat crop in the middle of 1944 and the United States is endeavoring to increase the acreage under wheat for the 1944 harvest by 14,000,000 acres.

Large quantities of wheat have been used for feed and other purposes apart from human food in the past year, but there are indications this diversion of bread grain supplies will taper off in 1944, especially if the end of the European struggle comes in sight.

The bureau said the recent Dominion-provincial conference here recommended 1944 wheat acreage be left unchanged in light of data on the world surplus condition.

Ambassador



William String, above, Council school boys who has risen to be one of the British foreign office's leading experts, has been appointed British representative on the European advisory commission set up by the Moscow conference. He assumes the rank of ambassador.

DEPOPULATE JAP CITIES

NEW YORK.—A Domesi despatch broadcast from Tokyo said the cabinet of Premier Gen. Hideki Tojo had accepted regulations for the depopulation of the large cities of Japan in connection with the condition of anti-aircraft defense measures. The regulations will apply to Tokyo, Osaka, Kobe, Nagoya, Moji and others," said the broadcast.

India's mills normally produce 70 per cent of the world's burkas.

North Airports In Canada A Job Well Done

OTTAWA.—The "Northwest Passage by Air" Canada's 1941 Christmas gift to the United Nations has merited a place in the history books. The Canadian-built string of airports in the territory between northern Alberta and Alaska has assisted victory in the Aleutians against Japan, and provided stepping stones across the top of the world for planes to strengthen Russia's blow at Germany.

It has been part of the short service of the north, but there was a hint of its importance in a report of the United States states of war information describing the contribution of civilian airlines to the war effort in distant places. This report mentioned that civilian airlines were landing regularly at the airport of Dutch Harbor in the Aleutians at the time of a Japanese attack.

The probability is that these and other aircraft carrying vital cargoes of men and supplies had sped along the Canadian chain of airfields.

While the Northwest Staging Route—its official name—was a Canadian undertaking, it had been recommended by the Canada U.S. defence board. Air Minister Power announced in February, 1941, 10 months before the Japanese struck at Pearl Harbor, that the air port system in the northwest would be established by the Canadian government at a cost of about \$30,000,000.

At that time the survey work had started with the help of Canadian bush pilots familiar with the route from Edmonton to Whitehorse, Y.T.

All through the summer of 1941, hurried by boots, muskies, mosquitoes, equipment requirements and above all transportation problems, Canadian workers hatched out hills and moved mountains of supplies to Fort John, Fort Nelson, and Watson Lake and finally, triumphantly, had opened an air road to Whitehorse.

"It was a job done in a hurry but it was a good job," said one who had part in the building.

At Whitehorse planes moving over the northwest route connected with Pan American Airways, operating along the coast from Seattle to Alaska. This coastal route also is a vital factor in supplying the northern outposts, but it is far more open to interference from fog than the route east of the Rockies.

From the beginning it was agreed that while Canada built the airports, United States commercial and war planes would be free to use them.

When the Japanese struck, the United States immediately looked to its Alaskan defenses. United States fighting aircraft roving north found themselves flying the Canadian beam through the wilderness, and they lowered their landing wheels on surfaced airports.

Since that time there have been aerial armadas sweeping over the great land, hand, and sea for Alaska, the Aleutians, and perhaps—some day—Japanese points beyond.

CLOTHING INDUSTRY

Now Over The Top In Providing Uniforms For Fighting Men

OTTAWA.—Government authorities said that the clothing industry is "over the top" in its gigantic task of providing clothing for Canada's fighting men and assisting other United Nations as well—but they said they cannot promise the civilian population will notice much change in the supply situation.

One result of the lessened military demands for clothing had been easing of the order forbidding two-pant men's suits.

There might be other benefits later, but they would not be as widespread as some purchasers might hope.

MESSAGE OF THANKS

The Queen Thanks Foster-Parents Of British Children In Dominion

LONDON.—The Queen in a message of thanks to 2,600 foster-parents of British children evacuated to the Dominion, said in part: "In the kindness of your heart you have accepted them as our members of your family and I know that this unselfish task you and all your household have made many great sacrifices."

The message was printed on a card bearing Her Majesty's crest and a facsimile of her signature.

At one time Turin was the capital of Italy.

R.C.A.F. "Flying Postman" Delivers The Goods



—R.C.A.F. Photos.

Pictured here before the take-off from Ottawa, the first Flying Fortress of the new Royal Canadian Air Force overseas mail service arrived with a load of Christmas mail for soldiers, sailors and airmen in Britain and the Mediterranean areas. The newly organized mail squadron flies non-stop from Ottawa to Britain and from there to the fighting theatres in North Africa, Italy and Egypt. The upper picture shows mail bags being loaded into the side hatch of the giant Fortress for the maiden journey. Below, with its four powerful engines turning, the plane taxis out on the runway for the take-off. Inset is Wing Commander Bruce Middleton, A.F.C., of Winnipeg and Ottawa, commanding officer of the mail squadron, who skippered the first overseas flight.

Prisoners From Sangro Battle



A lone British Indian soldier of the Eighth Army heads a group of captured Germans to the rear after the Eighth smashed the German winter line in the battle of the Sangro river. This was the first batch of prisoners brought in from the Sangro battle.

Report On German Outrages Brought Conclusive Proof Of What Happened In Last War

(By S. T. C. in The Ottawa Journal)

CORRESPONDENTS writing to The Journal seem to be having some difficulty in believing that it can be possible that reports published in the press from time to time of German atrocities in the present war can be true. In fact, the attitude in some instances is frankly stated in the words: "I don't believe the half of it."

In fairness to such correspondents, it may be recalled that they are not alone in that respect. A similar attitude was adopted during, and after, the first Great War of 1914-1918 by people who preferred to think it was not possible at this stage of the world's progress towards civilization for even Germans to act in the diabolical manner described in news despatches and eye-witness accounts. Both sets of objectors, perhaps, need to be reminded that in the early days of the last war, in view of reports in circulation, it was found necessary to appoint a British "Committee on Alleged German Outrages." Before us rests a copy of the 61-page report of that committee, together with a summary of the evidence and documents laid before it.

As indicating the nature of the committee, perhaps it is well to quote the "Warrant of Appointment," signed by Prime Minister H. H. Asquith, on December 15, 1914:

"I hereby appoint Rt. Hon. Viscount Bryce, O.M.; Rt. Hon. Sir Frederick Pollock, Bt. K.C.; Rt. Hon. Sir Edward Clarke, K.C.; Sir Alfred Hopkinson, K.C.; Mr. H. L. Fisher, Vice-Chancellor of the University of Sheffield, and Mr. Harold Cox, M.P., to be a committee to consider and advise on the evidence collected on behalf of His Majesty's Government as to complaints to have been committed by German troops during the present war, cases of alleged mistreatment of civilians in the invaded territories, and breaches of the laws and established usages of war; and to prepare a report for His Majesty's Government showing the conclusion at which they arrive on the evidence now available."

Like some of our correspondents, even the distinguished members of this committee were sceptical of the alleged atrocities. They reported: "We began the inquiry with doubts whether a positive result would be attained. But the further we went and the more evidence we examined so much the more was our scepticism reduced. When, however, we found that things which had at first seemed improbable were testified to by many witnesses coming from different places, having had no communication with one another, and knowing nothing of one another's statements, the points in which they all agreed became more and more evidently true."

Hundreds of depositions taken by the committee drew its members to the conclusion that "the truth of the broad facts stood out beyond question." And here are the conclusions unanimously reported by that committee:

- (1) That there were in many parts of Belgium deliberate and systematic organized massacres of the civil population, accompanied by many isolated murders and other outrages.
- (2) That in the conduct of the war generally innocent civilians, both men and women, were murdered in large numbers, women violated, and children murdered.
- (3) That looting, house burning, and the wanton destruction of property were ordered and countenanced by the officers of the German army, that elaborate provision had been made for systematic looting as a part of the very outbreak of the war, and that the burnings and destruction were frequent where no military necessity could be alleged, being in deed part of a system of general terrorism.
- (4) That the rules and usages of war were frequently broken, particularly by the using of civilians, including women and children, as a shield for advancing forces exposed to fire, to a less degree by killing the wounded and prisoners, and in the frequent abuse of the Red Cross and the White Flag.

All this happened, of course, nearly 20 years before Hitler came into power. Reports of more recent atrocities merely emphasize that the German leopard has by no means professed to have changed its spots, so that instead of our recent correspondents adopting the attitude of "I don't believe a half of it," they should be inclined to agree that the language of the famous Queen of Sheba under happier circumstances said: "The half was not told me."

Army's Woman Lawyer



Major Patricia Curtis, C.W.A.C., of New Westminster, B.C., is the only woman barrister in the Canadian Army. Prior to enlistment she practiced law for several years, and is now serving in the office of the Judge Advocate General, National Defence Headquarters, Ottawa.

Saved By Pigeon

Message Arrived Just Before British Brigade Wounded Have Been Bombed

A pigeon saved a British brigade in Italy from serving as targets for a formation of Allied bombers, the United States army reported.

The planes were being warned up for the take-off at their base near the 5th Army front to attack Colvi Vecchia, a fortified village held by the Germans near the Volturno river.

Plots and crew members were adding their safety belts when a column dashed from the operations tent. "Hold it," he yelled. "A brigade of British troops has entered Colvi Vecchia."

The message had been down to the spot by "G.I. Joe," a blue and white specked homing pigeon.

Built In Canada

Nothing Equals "Norseman" For General Utility And Cargo Transport

Four of the world's 20 best aircraft are produced in Canada and one of these—the Norseman—is a completely Canadian development. So the aviation magazine, Flying, says in an article by Peter G. Massfield, former technical editor of The Aeroplane. He is now personal adviser in civil aviation to Lord Beaverbrook.

Since the war, this Canadian plane has been built for general utility and cargo transport, for training and for the U.S. army air forces. Of it, Mr. Massfield says:

"The Norseman, now in quantity production in Canada and for the U.S. army air forces as UC-46, stands in a class by itself. Originally designed for bush flying in Canada, it is straightforward and robust in construction, easy to repair and easy to fly into and out of confined spaces with a respectable load. For bringing up supplies behind advancing armies where airfields are not plentiful, for general back work carrying up to eight men or spare engines and so forth, there is nothing flying now that can equal it."

Worthwhile Job

Urges Farmers To Go Out And Hold The Bacon Line

W. J. Parker, president of the Manitoba Pool Elevators, in an address at Winnipeg, urged farmers to hold the "bacon line."

Speaking at a meeting of the Canadian Society of Agriculturists and Manitoba Agronomists, Mr. Parker said the United Kingdom needs Canadian bacon and he urged that every effort be made to meet overseas requirements.

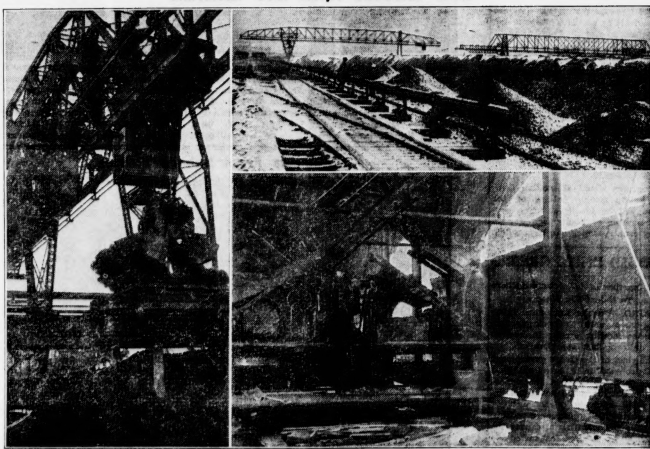
"It is still worthwhile to go out and hold the 'bacon line,'" he said.

Royal Marines In Ceylon At Gun Practice



Here marines in Ceylon learn how to handle the guns. The picture was taken at the Royal Marine group mobile naval base defence organization instructional wing, Chatham Camp, Colombo. It shows marines drilling at the loading teacher.

American Coal Helps Canadian West



Realizing if its own needs were fully supplied by western Canadian coal, the CPR's Port William coal dock, show how the 175,000 tons being handled for other importers. A total of 148 ships, most of them American ore-freighters well adapted to coal carrying, moved 1,224,000 tons of Kentucky and Illinois coal from Chicago to this huge coal dock in Port William. Of this total 1,049,000 tons are being used as locomotive fuel between the lakehead and Moose Jaw; the other 175,000 tons being handled for other importers. A total of 148 ships, most of them American ore-freighters well adapted to coal carrying, moved 1,224,000 tons of Kentucky and Illinois coal from Chicago to this huge coal dock in Port William. Between April 28 and December 1, the above photos, at the CPR's Port William coal dock, show how the coal was handled. At left, a 10-ton clamshell bucket on a travelling overhead bridge dumps its load into a 32-ton trolley car which feeds the hoppers from which the freight cars are loaded with fuel. Upper right, a general view of the dump showing approximately 500,000 tons of the coal. In the distance are the two travelling ledges which run the 1,600-foot length of the dock, hoisting 1,600-foot wheels. Lower right, the hopper and a boxcar being loaded for shipment. Importation of the western Canadian fuel is credited with a shortage this winter.

Destroyers And Corvettes Of The Canadian Navy Play A Part In The Submarine Warfare

CANADIAN destroyers and corvettes helped the Royal Navy and R.A.F. blockade the enemy's main submarine fleet in the Bay of Biscay just before Britain's acquisition of new bases in the Azores—a blockade so successful that the modest Allied losses in the North Atlantic were "more than balanced by the heavy toll taken on U-boats in the Bay of Biscay alone."

This announcement was made by Navy Minister Macdonald. He announced that the Canadian ships in these offensive sweeps included the tribal destroyers Iroquois and Athabaskan, and the corvettes Edmundson, Snowberry and Calgary.

"The losses inflicted on the U-boats this summer were so great that, on some occasions, the sea seemed literally alive with submarine survivors, some of which actually found sanctuary on Iroquois and Athabaskan," said the minister's statement.

"Many of these submarines had been destroyed by aircraft, and the crews of which were several Canadians."

During one sweep the two Canadian patrol chasers, three enemy destroyers, sighted at a distance but the enemy fled to the French coast.

"The corvettes dropped depth charges 'wherever U-boat contacts were obtained,' but 'no concrete evidence has been obtained of U-boats destroyed by the corvettes'."

It was while engaged in this U-boat patrol that Athabaskan was hit by one of the new German glider bombs. All the other Canadian ships escaped damage. "The fact Canadian corvettes now are engaged in offensive action against U-boats is one indication something went amiss recently in Hitler's undersea warfare plans," said Mr. Macdonald.

He quoted one corvette captain as saying:

"Hitlers we had always been on the defensive, protecting the convoys along the North Atlantic routes and, sometimes I almost despair of seeing the day when we would assume the offensive against U-boats."

"That day seems to have arrived at last, and here we are, hemming the Nazis in, right on their own doorstep."

Early in the blockade Iroquois was commanded by Cmdr. W. L. Holmes of Victoria, and Athabaskan by Cmdr. G. R. Miles of Rotherham, N.B. Both now have returned to Canada to new appointments. Iroquois was commanded for a short time, later, by Lt. Madgwick, her first lieutenant; and she now is under command of Cmdr. J. C. Hibbard, D.S.C. of Halifax. Athabaskan now is commanded by Lt.-Cmdr. J. M. Stubbs, D.S.C. of Kaslo, B.C. Edmundson is commanded by Lt.-Cmdr. H. K. Hill of Kingston, Ont., and Snowberry by John E. O'Brien, Ottawa.

Pope Sylvester II is credited with the invention of clocks in 966 A.D.

International

Co-Operating Principle

Will Be To "Guiding Principle Of The Post-War World"

Canadian-American co-operation "constitutes a veritable model of international relationship," Hon. Ray Atherton, American ambassador to Canada, told the Canadian Club at Quebec City.

Stating that this "international co-operation" can be proclaimed as the guiding principle of the post-war world, Atherton said each nation, large or small, will participate in the advantages of peace through working together. But he said, "each nation must assume its full share of the responsibility for peace by working with its peace loving neighbors."

Valuable Now

Any Kind Of Conveyance In England

Brings High Price

No one wanted the thing before the war, but when a 30-year-old landau—once the property of a peer—came up for auction in Manchester, England, an offer of \$180 was refused. An old-fashioned brougham, destined for sale work, realized \$81. A high-wheeled, open-fronted, three-seater Pull car which might have been a pre-war value of \$14, went under the hammer at \$9.

Fan Chair Set



7653

The lacy spokes of this unusual fan chair set are nothing more or less than your old favorite, the easy pineapple design. Easy, but how lovely! The fine cotton brings out its delicate beauty. A luxurious gift for some home-loving friend, an addition to your own home. Pattern 7653 contains directions for set; stitching; list of materials needed. To obtain this pattern send twenty cents to Household Arts Department, 175 McDermott Avenue E., Winnipeg, Man. Be sure to write plainly your name, address and Pattern Number. "Because of the slowness of the mails delivery of our patterns may take a few days longer than usual."

MR. CHURCHILL'S LION

Premier Churchill owns a lion. It was presented to him by a Londoner, George Thomas, who used to keep it as a pet in his garden in a city suburb. The lion answers to the name of "Rota." It could not be kept in Downing street needless to say, so the Prime Minister presented it to the Zoological Society.

WILL BE LONELY

Japan knows now that Germany, so-called, will be defeated and put out of the war, and the Japanese people are being warned by spokesmen for the government that "We must fight this war by ourselves." Probably after the Germans have been kicked the Japanese people will be the loneliest on earth.

There are approximately 11,500 beds for the treatment of tuberculosis in Canada.

THE CARBON CHRONICLE

Issued Every Thursday at
CARBON, ALBERTA
Member Alberta Division Canadian
Weekly Newspaper Association
R. J. BOULEAU,
Editor and Publisher

GENERAL DRAYING—

COAL HAULING

CHAS. PATTISON

PRUDENTIAL BAPTIST CHURCH

E. S. Fenske, Minister

SUNDAY, JANUARY 9

Prudential Church:

10:00-11:00 a.m. — Sunday School
11:00-12:00 p.m. — Worship Service
7:00-8:00 p.m. — B.Y.P.U. Meeting
8:00-9:00 p.m. — Night Service,
Minister preaching

Zion Church:

11:00-12:00 a.m. — Sunday School
12:00-1:00 p.m. — Worship Service
Minister preaching

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12

Carbon Church:

7:30 p.m. — Dedication Service
Special singing by the Prudential
Male Quartette.

OUR INVITATION:

To all who mourn and need comfort—
to all who are weary and need rest—
to all who are friendly and wish
to be friendly—to all who pray and to all
who do not, but ought—to all who are
and need a Saviour, and to whom
will—these churches open wide their
doors and in the name of Jesus, the
Lord say: WELCOME!

THE BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH IN CARBON

Sunday School — 11:00 a.m.
Morning Service — 12:00 a.m.
Evening Service — 7:30 p.m.

OUR INVITATION: Psalm 85
O come, let us worship and bow down;
let us kneel before the Lord our Maker.

REV. E. RIEMER, pastor

Buy More War Savings Certificate!

THE IDEAL SHOPPER

The ideal shopper from the stand-
point of Local Retailers and all
retail merchants is the consumer who
receives himself or herself well infor-
med in regard to ration dates by con-
sulting the Ration Coupon Calendar
at home before the shopping expedi-
tion is begun. Many shoppers find it
of much advantage to follow this rule
and to jot down in advance on a slip
of paper the number of valid coupons
in their possession so that they may
govern their purchases accordingly.
By carrying this list along with their
ration coupon books and consulting it
as required, they are relieved of the
necessity of asking questions of
busy salespeople and the latter are
also relieved of answering them and
tossing making errors in doing so.
With many retail establishments un-
derstaffed and exceptionally busy,
general observation of this rule is re-
commended by rationing authorities
and retail merchants' organization.

"It says here in the paper that in
Egypt women carry baskets of fruit
and flowers on their heads."
"That's nothing so remarkable." Wo-
men do that over here and call them
hats."

Incubators (150 eggs and under)
are not included in farm equipment
new rationed.

FOR SALE—Shorthorn bull, four
years old; papers. Also three early
matured Shorthorn bull calves. Apply
to Vern Dresser. 31p

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA

REV. R.R. HINCHEY, minister

CARBON:

reaching Service — 11:00 a.m.
Sunday School — 12:10 p.m.
GARETT SCHOOL: 2:00 p.m.
Preaching Service — 4:30 p.m.
IRRICANA: 4:30 p.m.
Preaching Service — 7:30 p.m.

ALL ARE WELCOME

Barbers cannot increase charges
above those of the basic period of 1941
without prior concurrence of the Price
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REGISTERED AND CERTIFIED SEED GRAIN

Farmers are showing considerable
interest in registered and certified
seed, and numerous letters are being
received by the Field Crops Branch
in which information is requested as
to recommended varieties and possible
sources of seed supplies.

The Field Crops Branch welcomes
enquiries with regard to seed grain,
but points out that in most cases the
local elevator agents are able, from
information obtained from the Alberta
Crop Improvement Association, to of-
fer reliable advice on varieties, and
can also provide the names of grow-
ers with seed for sale.

The Alberta Crop Improvement As-
sociation, which includes representa-
tives of the various Crop Departments
of Alberta and Dominion Govern-
ments, the University of Alberta, El-
evator Companies, the growers asso-
ciations, has completed arrangements
whereby each elevator agent has in-
formation on varieties and can obtain
registered or certified seed for farm-
ers.

If your elevator agent is not al-
ready supplied with a list of recom-
mended varieties for the various dis-
tricts of Alberta, and with the names
of growers who have registered or
certified seed for sale, he will have
this information at an early date.

A certain newspaper editor had
cause to admonish his son on account
of his reluctance to attend school,
"You must go regularly and learn
to be a great scholar," said the fond
father encouragingly, "otherwise you
can never be an editor, you know."
What would you do, for instance, if
your paper came out full of mis-
takes?"

Father, was the reply, "I'd blame
me on the printer."

And then the father fell on his son's
neck and wept for joy. He knew his
son had a worthy successor for the
editorial chair.

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Snicklefritz—



"I'm going to love you until the cows
come home."
"Okay, fresh guy. But meanwhile
you don't have to get the calves."

You can always tell a man born in
the city. He thinks he could make
money raising chickens.

A woman does not have to be an
expert to lay down the law to her
husband.

At a recent bridge emporium:
"There is a lady at the door who said
her husband promised to be home
early tonight." Fourteen of the six-
teen (singing): "Excuse me, gentle-
man!"

Clergymen may doubt appreciate
this one: A minister was taking over
a new congregation and one of the
parishioners, asked anxiously: "Do
you use notes, sir?" "Well I used to,"
replied the clergyman, "but nowadays
I'm depending church."

NOT WORTH IT
A farmer in a great need of more
help at haying time finally asked
SI Warren, a town character, if he could
help him out.

"What'll you pay?" demanded SI.
"I'll pay what you're worth," an-
swered the farmer.

SI scratched his head for a minute
and then answered decisively: "I'll be
pleased if I'll work for that."

A tourist in a sought-after attraction
continually hearing a shrill whistle
from a grove of trees near which he
had camped, inquired of a native what
kind of bird whistled in that persis-
tent manner. The resident answered:
"That ain't no bird, pardner. That's
them trees. They're whistlin' fer your
dog."

Walter Winchell worked this one out
and the observation is worth passing
on. Here it is: "Girls who were raised
on cod liver oil have legs like this: !
Girls who ride horses in the park have
legs like this: (). But girls who keep
saying 'here's how' at night club bars
have legs like this: (). And girls
who use good judgement have legs
like this: X."

At present, there is no single
laboratory where farmers may
obtain information on the general
health of seed samples. It is pos-
sible to obtain maximum yields
of high quality grain, unless the
following considerations receive at-
tention: